

Exhibit 6: List of Disease Groups (HCCs) with Hierarchies

If the Disease Group is Listed in This Column...		...Then Drop the Associated Disease Group(s) Listed in This Column
Disease Group (HCC)	Disease Group Label	
5	Opportunistic Infections	112
7	Metastatic Cancer and Acute Leukemia	8, 9, 10
8	Lung, Upper Digestive Tract, and Other Severe Cancers	9, 10
9	Lymphatic, Head and Neck, Brain and Other Major Cancers	10
15	Diabetes with Renal Manifestations	16, 17, 18, 19
16	Diabetes with Neurologic or Other Specified Manifestation	17, 18, 19
17	Diabetes with Acute Complications	18, 19
18	Diabetes with Ophthalmologic Manifestations	19
25	End-Stage Liver Disease	26, 27
26	Cirrhosis of Liver	27
51	Drug/Alcohol Psychosis	52
54	Schizophrenia	55
67	Quadriplegia, Other Extensive Paralysis	68, 69, 100, 101, 157
68	Paraplegia	69, 100, 101, 157
69	Spinal Cord Disorders/Injuries	157
77	Respirator Dependence/ Tracheostomy Status	78, 79
78	Respiratory Arrest	79
81	Acute Myocardial Infarction	82, 83
82	Unstable Angina and Other Acute Ischemic Heart Disease	83
95	Cerebral Hemorrhage	96
100	Hemiplegia/Hemiparesis	101
104	Vascular Disease with Complications	105, 149
111	Aspiration and Specified Bacterial Pneumonias	112
130	Dialysis Status	131, 132
131	Renal Failure	132
148	Decubitus Ulcer of the Skin	149
154	Severe Head Injury, Coma, Brain Compression/Anoxic Damage	75, 155

How Payments are Made with a Disease Hierarchy

EXAMPLE: If a beneficiary triggers Disease Groups 148 (Decubitus Ulcer of the Skin) and 149 (Chronic Ulcer of Skin, Except Decubitus), then DG 149 will be dropped. In other words, payment will always be associated with the DG in column 1, if a DG in column 3 also occurs during the same collection period. Therefore, the M+C organization's payment will be based on DG 148 rather than DG 149.